



loxtrax

User Manual

the smart GPS application for PDAs

by www.magnalox.net

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1 Preface

The idea of developing loxtrax was born in early 2004 when no GPS tool for the new PDA was available which used the VGA resolution and the variable screen - orientation of the upcoming PDA generation.

Also the handling of some of the available solutions was clumsy and complicated, especially when operated one-handed or hands-free while walking or flying.

Some of the available applications focused on eye candy and wasted precious memory but didn't have the features required. Some were slow, some were focusing too much on special applications (like flying).

After having seen loxtrax running, other PDA owners liked it too, especially its speed and the "no- frills" principle was appreciated.

Having written PDA applications for a while and having a (at that time) free development environment available, the very first loxtrax version was the result of only a few hours at the PC.

Since then, the feature list (and - requests) grew week by week, turning loxtrax into a quite useful, universal GPS application.

The integration of loxtrax with www.magnalox.net came, making it possible to download calibrated maps, tracks and POIs (Points Of Interest) onto loxtrax.

The combination of a website creating tracks and a mobile computer reading tracks simplified the procedure of preparing a trip quite noticeable. Meanwhile loxtrax has several thousands of users as the many downloads and the feedback indicate.

Loxtrax is running on most hardware equipped with the operating system Windows Mobile 2003 or later.

It supports modern VGA displays (640 x 480 pixels) and can change orientation on the fly while operating. On VGA displays, the visual quality comes close to printed paper, especially when the font anti aliasing feature of CE is turned on.

Users also reported that it runs on recent hardware like smartphones etc. For a list with user feedback concerning hardware visit

<http://www.magnalox.net/index.php?pg=295>.

Please enter your configuration under

<http://www.magnalox.net/index.php?pg=203#feedback>

when not found on this list.

Loxtrax is developed and tested on hardware running under the WM 2003 SE and WM Version 5 operating system.

Loxtrax' philosophy is (if software can have a philosophy) to keep things lean, simple and fast where possible. Loxtrax was entirely written from scratch in C++, making a port to any other platform possible.

Don't let loxtrax intimidate you by it's many features. Most of the features are optional and need no special attention. Just try out the more basic things like background tracks and display features before going into the more advanced topics like Points Of Interest ("POI"), maps etc.

Loxtrax got now downloaded several thousand times from www.magnalox.net. The user feedback was always positive and friendly, many users developed and told us about their own ideas on how to improve it further. Some of those ideas and enhancements got implemented in the recent version.

Feedback from loxtrax users is always welcome. Just use the email functions found on www.magnalox.net to contact us.

All screenshots shown here were taken from a standard 320 x 240 PDA display. Loxtrax takes full advantage of higher resolutions and can also render into a 640x480 display, in both upright and landscape modes.

Under

<http://www.magnalox.net/index.php?pg=202>

ares some example of high-resolution screen renderings in both orientations.

This document was intentionally formatted for a small page size (DIN A5). This way, you can print it out into a handy booklet or view it on the PDA by using the Pocket PC version of the Adobe Acrobat reader, as freely downloadable from:

http://www.adobe.com/products/acrobat/readstep2_mobile.html

1.1 Warning

Never rely solely on GPS or other electronic devices for navigational purposes!

Batteries can be flat, displays can be broken, flash memory can lose it's data, PDAs can disappear into the ocean, loxtrax can behave unexpected, rain can destroy hardware, satellites can fail and the US Department Of Defense can change it's mind and turn GPS off or make it inaccurate.

The entire chain of components has to work perfectly in order to get a single GPS-based position.

Maps can be outdated, inaccurate or wrong. Maps from www.magnalox.net are usually not cross-checked before publishing. Always keep a paper map with you, the likeliness of this "system" to fail is several magnitudes lower than when using an electronic map.

If you rely on electronic navigation, make sure you have at least two independent and redundant systems accessible, especially when reliable navigation is crucial like on ships or planes. One system for the normal usage, one as a spare part or when doubts about the results of the first system arise.

Loxtrax is a PDA application optimized for daily usage. It was designed with the idea of a simple, even hands-free-operation in mind. But before taking

it out for a trip, make sure it fulfills your expectations and you can handle it with ease.

1.2 Disclaimer

This document can contain mistakes or ambiguities preventing you from a proper usage of loxtrax.

Loxtrax can have inaccuracies or flaws preventing it from operating as expected. Maps can be wrong, outdated or cover inaccessible or dangerous areas. Use loxtrax on your own risk, never rely solely on it.

Never use maps or other copyrighted material other than granted in the Terms Of Usage.

If your loxtrax version has more features than described here, this documentation is probably outdated.

For more and more recent informations, please visit

<http://www.magnalox.net>

Screen examples displayed here can show excerpts from maps issued by the "Landesvermessungsamt Baden-Württemberg" in Germany.

If you find mistakes or things left out in this documentation, feel invited to send a notification to admin@magnalox.net

2 Installation

Loxtrax doesn't need additional DLLs or runtime libraries like the .NET framework. It does not modify the OS or file assignments, nor does it write to the registry or install DLLs. It is one executable only. User settings are stored in one extra file next to the executable.

Loxtrax has two methods of installation, which are described below.

Loxtrax can be installed on Flash memory cards, which has the advantage that even after the batteries were totally empty the program can be run after recharging by simply starting the file loxtrax.exe using the file explorer. This applies at least to PDAs running on Windows Mobile 2003.

2.1 Installation using a Windows PC having Microsoft ActiveSync installed

ActiveSync is the synchronization application usually shipped with the PDA on a CD but also downloadable from Microsoft's website.

It has a function maintaining and installing applications on the PDA.

The installation packages are programs runnable on Windows.

1. Copy the installation .exe file onto your PC and start it by double clicking it.
2. Follow the instructions

Un - installation is done via ActiveSync, the PDA synchronization software from Microsoft. You can select between un - installing it from the PDA only and keeping a copy on the PC or un-installation on the PC too.

Consult your ActiveSync documentation for more details.

2.2 Installation directly on the PDA, without a PC

This method assumes that the .cab file found it's way onto the PDA somehow (eg via Infrared, Bluetooth or WLAN using Internet or email)

1. Copy the .cab file onto your PDA
2. Execute it by tabbing it using the file - explorer and follow the instructions.

Un - installation on the PDA is started using the PDA's "Settings" → "System" → "Remove Programs" function accessible from the PDA's start menu.

Loxtrax doesn't modify the PDA's registry or system files. It touches only the directory it is installed in (it is usually installed under "\\Programs\\magnalox\\loxtrax\\"). Maps and recordings aren't deleted.

3 Using loxtrax

3.1 Starting loxtrax

After successful installation loxtrax should appear on the PDA's program screen ("Start Button" → "Programs").

This is loxtrax' program icon:



On some devices you can assign loxtrax to one of the PDA's hardware buttons. This can be very convenient, because you can start (or restart) loxtrax instantly by pressing a single button.

When using a beta version, please read chapter [3.3 Testing the beta versions](#)

3.1.1 Loxtrax' version numbering

Loxtrax' versions are numbered following the scheme "A.B.C", like "1.7.6".

A is the major version number and will remain 1 until a rewrite is done.

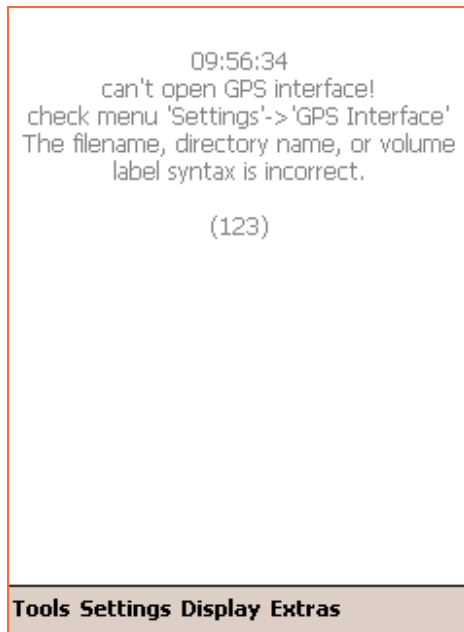
A change in B means, that new features were implemented. Even if many new features were added, this number may increment only by one.

A change in C is indicating that weaknesses were fixed.

3.1.2 Starting loxtrax the first time

If you start loxtrax for the first time, you will be asked for a GPS data source.

If loxtrax has no valid data source, it will display this screen:



Just follow the instructions and select either a COM-port or a .nmea file as a data source using the "GPS Interface" sub- menu of the "Settings" - menu . Make sure your GPS receiver is running, connected and has a good satellite reception when choosing a COM-Port.

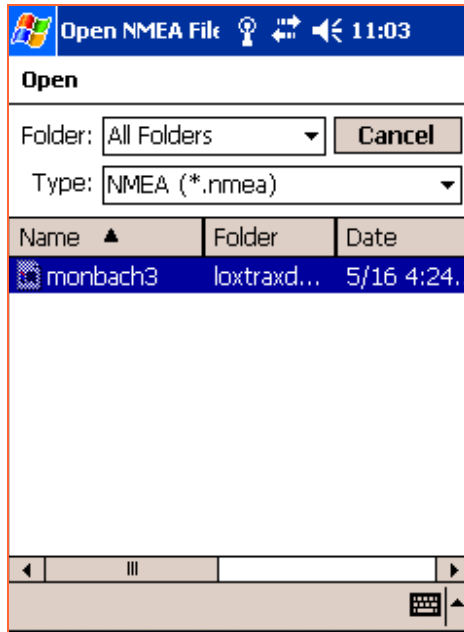
Alternatively you can download an example NMEA data source file from the web page where you downloaded loxtrax (see [4.2.1.3 "NMEA file"](#) or [4.2.2.1.1 Required NMEA records \("sentences"\)](#)).

Nmea files simulate the GPS input otherwise sent by a real device over the serial port. They were usually recorded using the function described in chapter [4.2.2.1 "NMEA"](#).

You can use this feature to do "live tracking" from a previously recorded NMEA file or to create a .igc export file from a .nma-file or simply to replay the last trip.

3.1.3 Starting loxtrax after the first time

When loxtrax starts, it uses the settings of the last usage (display parameters etc.).



When "Cancel" is clicked here, the previously selected filename is used.

You can create a library of settings by copying and renaming the file

```
"loxtrax settings.set"
```

found in the installation directory.

This implies the GPS data source too. If loxtrax was running on file - input last time it will prompt the user for a filename when re- started.

If loxtrax was running and connected to the GPS over Bluetooth when the PDA was turned off, it usually recovers the Bluetooth connection within seconds.

To save battery, You can keep your PDA turned off, just switching it on when at crossings or other decision points.

You can also add loxtrax to your PDA's Start Menu using "Start Button" → "Settings" → "Menus"

If you try to start loxtrax twice, the second instance will terminate after bringing the first instance into foreground.

3.1.4 Getting input files for loxtrax

Usually you can find an example input package (.zip) on the same webpage where loxtrax can be downloaded.

This is currently

<http://www.magnalox.net/index.php?pg=203>

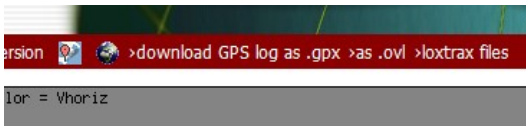
This package contains all files required for a test, even without requiring a real GPS device:

1. a map .png
2. a POI file .txt
3. a LOI file .gpx
4. a .nmea file for GPS input simulation

3.1.5 Using maps, tracks and POIs from www.magnalox.net

We assume here, that you already have an user account on www.magnalox.net and are logged in. User accounts on magnalox are free. Premium accounts offering more resources and features are available for a little fee.

1. Open the magnalog of your choice. Use the "search GPS tracks" function in magnalox' menu bar to find a matching magnalog. You can search by the magnalogs attributes (activity, country, duration etc), by log ID (5 digit number), ranking etc. Not all magnalogs have maps and not all magnalogs are suitable to be imported with loxtrax.
2. Click on ">loxtrax files" in the page's menu bar:



3. A new page appears, explaining what data the package will contain and how to use the data on loxtrax.
4. Click the download link in the text and follow the instructions found on the web page.

Usually the procedure is as follows:

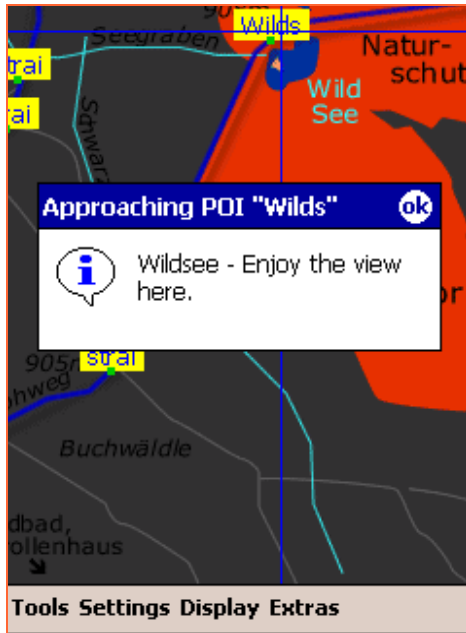
- Extract the sub-folder contained in the zip-file with all files into a new sub-folder under "My Documents" on your PDA. Let ActiveSync on your PC do that or use a unzip-utility to do the unzipping directly on the PDA.
- Then start loxtrax and read the files using the following menu functions:
- Map file (.png):
"Settings", "Background Map", "Load"
only magnalogs having a background map export calibrated maps in this package. In other cases, create own map files and check them as described in [4.2.4.1.1 Calibrating the background maps](#)
- POI (Points Of Interest) file(.txt):
"Extras", "POIs", "Read From File"
- Track (LOI, Line Of Interest) file(.gpx):
"Extras", "LOI", "Read From File"

The authors of the magnalog usually don't have loxtrax in mind when creating magnalogs. So the story texts, which are transformed into POIs aren't in all cases really helpful.

But loxtrax can still show the author's track as a LOI, the interesting points along the track as POIs and the calibrated map.

In many cases you can use the PDA's built in browser to download the whole magnalog while at home and to read it off line while underway.

Here is an example loxtrax screen, using magnalog ID 11926 (see www.magnalox.net) as input. The map is a user drawn map, based on satellite- and street- maps from various sources:



Note the yellow POI labels. This map describes an area in the Northern Black Forest, south west Germany ("see" = lake).

3.1.6 Using other maps

Loxtrax can read and display bitmaps from .png, .gif, .jpg and .bmp files.

The map size is only limited by the operating system's memory restrictions. The coordinates of the lower left (south west) and upper right (north east) corners of the map must be part of the filename.

Details on the exact format and how to create such a map image can be found in chapter [4.2.4.1.1 Calibrating the background maps](#).

3.2 Preparing a trip

In this chapter it is described, how a trip can be prepared using www.magnalox.net and Google Earth.

We assume here that the user has already a (free) account on magnalox and Google Earth installed (available from <http://earth.google.com>).

The website creates the map, the POIs and the track to be used with loxtrax. To create the track, we use the free Version of Google Earth. All data and programs required are freely available, including the background satellite map.

There are many ways to prepare a trip for loxtrax, but the proposed procedure is rather easy and has other advantages like creating a magnalog with only a few clicks more.

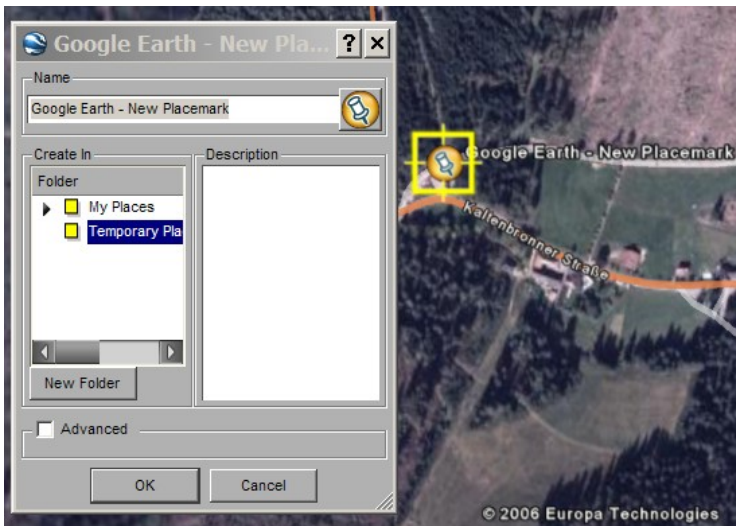
The tree steps required:

1. Create placemarks along the track in Google Earth ("GE" lateron)
2. Import the GE's file into a new magnalog
3. Download and import the magnalog into loxtrax

These steps are outlined below.

3.2.1 Creating the track using Google Earth

1. Create a new folder under "Temporary Places" in the GE "Places" pane by right- clicking "Temporary Places", then "New" "Folder". The folder- name doesn't matter. This folder is only to separate the Placemarks from other GE objects.
2. Create in this folder new Placemarks along the future track by placing the cursor over the desired location and pressing <Ctrl>-<N>. The following dialog together with a flashing yellow cursor will appear:



The yellow flashing Placemark can be placed at the desired location.

Begin placing Placemarks at the end of the trip, because GE adds new entries at the top of the list.

Alternatively you can reorder the Placemarks afterwards using drag-and-drop in GE Places pane. The order of the Placemarks matters, because the track will follow go from Placemark to Placemark.

3. If you leave the Description and Name field empty, magnalox will use this position to create a later waypoint. Waypoints are just points along the future track. Add waypoints until the track is smooth enough and follows the desired road or path.

Enter an up to 5 characters wide text in the "Name" field of a waypoint to become an index for the POI, enter the future POI's text in the "Description" field. A Name could be "Car", a description could be "Start and finish of the trip". The "Name" field will be also transformed into a label on the magnalog. Do this for all relevant positions along the track.

You can edit an existing Placemark by right- clicking it, then click "Edit".

4. When finished, save the folder content into a file of your choice by right- clicking the folder and choosing "Save As".

In the following dialog choose "Kml (*.kml)" as file format.

Attention: Don't use the default .kmz file format here.

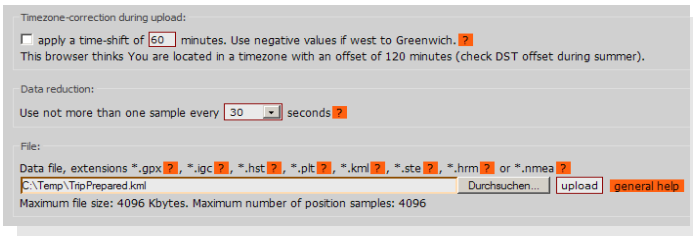
Keep in mind that Google Earth maps aren't always and at all locations 100% accurate.

There may be also areas whited out or modified intentionally for national security or other reasons.

The maps used in Google Earth may also be outdated.


3.2.2 Creating a magnalog from Google Earth's .kml export

1. Log in using your magnalox user account name and password and create a new magnalog using "my magnalox" → "my magnalogs" then the "Create a new magnalog:" section.
2. The you will see the tab ">1. Attributes ". Fill out fields like country, activity, difficulty etc. and save the settings using the "save" button
3. Go to the tab ">2. Upload " and upload the .kml file created in the previous section:



Unset the checkmark at "Timezone-correction " and set "Data reduction " to 30 seconds. Our position data has no timestamps, so a time zone correction doesn't make sense and the interval chosen for "Data reduction" becomes the interval between two Placemarks.

You will be then led to the "Edit position samples and appearance" page, which you can close untouched.

4. Click the  symbol at the lower left side of the edit page to check the magnalog.

Wait until the cursor passed all waypoints and POIs. The text in the (usually yellow) labels will become the 5 character POI index text, the text in the stories shown below the map will become the POI's long text.

Then click ">loxtrax files" in the menu bar to download a .zip file containing the track, the map (not created here for simplification) and the Points Of Interest (POIs).

You can of course modify the magnalog, add a background map, change colors and other attributes.

This type of magnalog is editable just like every other magnalog. If you give it a background map, the zip file downloaded contains also this bitmap as a calibrated background map.

Pure satellite maps aren't very useful for navigational purposes, but you can use them as a template or background for your own maps, which can be drawn using you favorite (vector-) drawing application.

Otherwise you can check the maps calibration as described in the section [4.2.4.1.1 Calibrating the background maps](#)

3.2.3 Importing the magnalog into loxtrax

Import the magnalog just like every other magnalog into loxtrax as described under [3.1.4 Using maps from www.magnalox.net](#) .

You can of course open and modify the the "logxxxxx POIs.txt" file with an ASCII editor and modify the colors, texts, ranges etc.

You can unzip the file using Window's File Explorer or any other software on the PC.

There are free tools available to unpack zip files on a PDA. We are using "winrar" available from

<http://www.rarlab.com/>

which worked reliably.

3.2.4 Additional thoughts about creating tracks

- You can refine the procedure above in many respects, the descriptions are meant as a guideline.
- You should delete the magnalog on www.magnalox.net when it is not needed anymore. If you want to refine the magnalog, delete all position samples and replace it by the data recorded during the trip. Add photos, labels and stories if you like. With adding additional information you make your tracks more interesting and helpful for others. .
- Use the recordings from your trip to create a finalized magnalog with accurate track recordings, photos and POIs. The next user can then download and benefit from your experiences.
- As usual on computers, the first try takes some time. But after having it done once, the following versions are usually done much faster.

3.3 Testing the beta versions

Never use a beta version for navigational purposes! It is not a finished program version and may have errors or inaccuracies and is usually time limited. If it refuses to start or operate, check www.magnalox.net for later versions.

Unless otherwise noted, the file formats didn't change so you can still use your old POI, LOI and map files.

Support the development of loxtrax by testing the betas and sending in descriptive reports. Please include loxtrax version, reproducibility and if possible, sample track files into your bug report. Thanks for your support!

If you found no glitches, that's also worth an email.

Please check loxtrax' web forum found here

<http://forum.magnalox.net>

for details and errors before sending in double reports.

There is usually a new thread for each beta version released. These threads are removed when a release of the next stable version was made.

Attention:

The beta versions are runtime-limited and usually expire after a few weeks or days after the release to minimize the risk of using an outdated beta-version! Never rely on them.

3.3.1 Installing the betas

First read the read the "read-me" file if found in the package and follow the instructions there. These instructions are usually more recent than this documentation.

The usual procedure is

1. Install the latest stable version (if not already installed) as described in [2 Installation](#)
2. Save the files "loxtrax.exe" and "loxtrax settings.set" of the last stable version into another (sub-?) directory of your choice.
Just to make sure that you can re-establish your older version, it may be also a good idea to save the whole installation directory onto your PC using Active Sync.

You can still use the old versions as long as they reside in their own directory by starting them using the file-explorer!

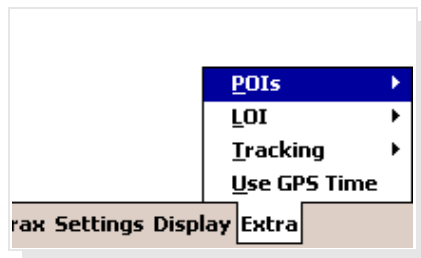
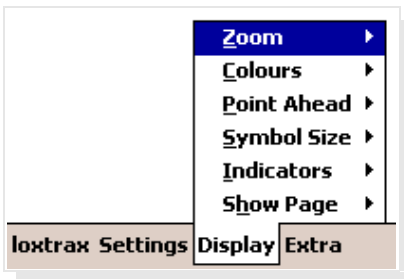
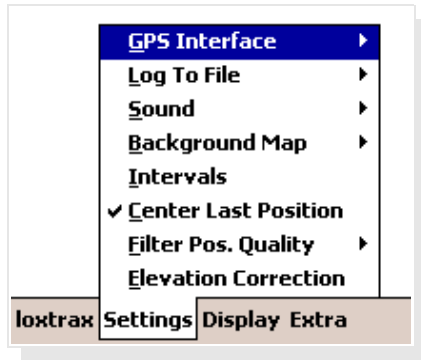
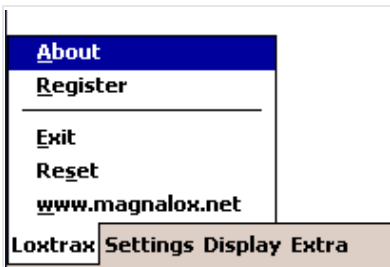
3. Manually copy the files from the beta test- package into the installation directory using ActiveSync or the PDA's file explorer.
4. Tab the .exe - file or use the menu entries or the hardware buttons to start it as usual.

You can use multiple versions on the same PDA unless otherwise noted. Just start the .exe in the right directory and make sure it has a matching "loxtrax settings.set" residing in the same directory.

4 Menu Entries

In this chapter loxtrax' menu functions are described in the order of their entries.

The menus are grouped by subject:



4.1 "Loxtrax"

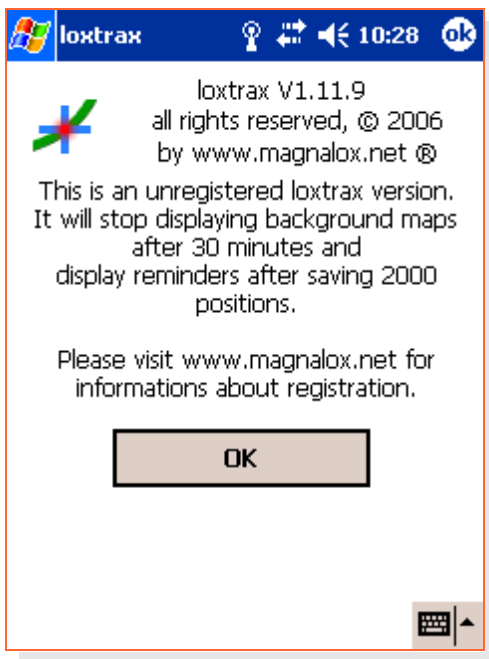
4.1.1 "About"

Displays the program's splash screen, indicating the version number.



Click OK to continue.

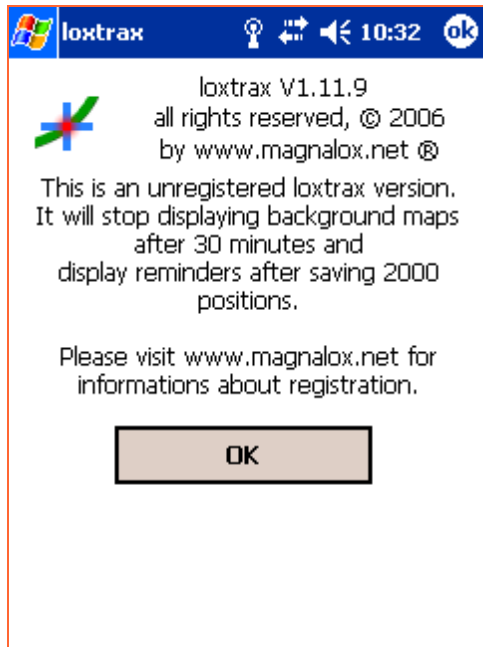
If loxtrax hasn't been registered, a second dialog will be displayed:



Click OK to continue

4.1.2 About

This dialog shows the version number and the current registration state of the application.



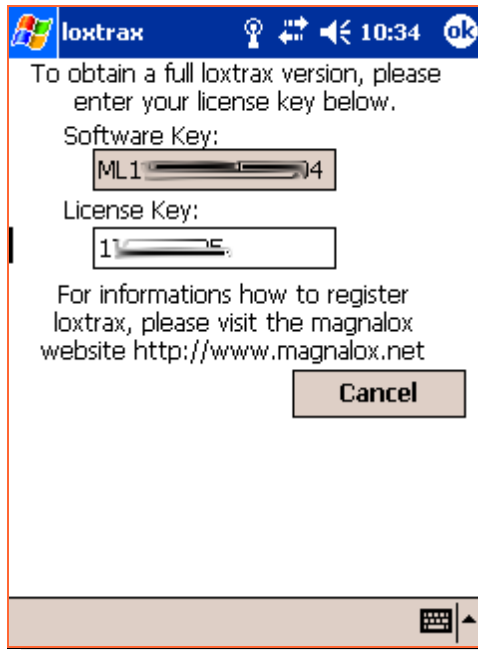
It also shows the limitations applying to the unregistered version.

Click OK to continue

4.1.3 Register

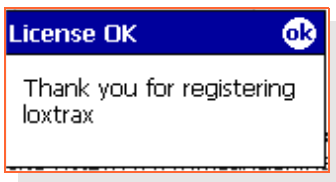
Enter here the key you obtained after registration. For details about registration, please visit www.magnalox.net. The license is not time-limited and is valid for a single device.

Registration removes the limitations that apply to the free version.



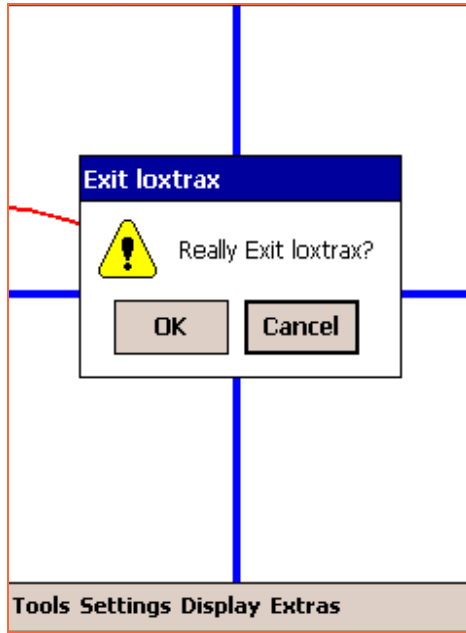
Click OK in the upper right corner to save your entries or the "Cancel" button to leave this dialog.

If the registration key was accepted, a message box appears:



4.1.4 "Exit"

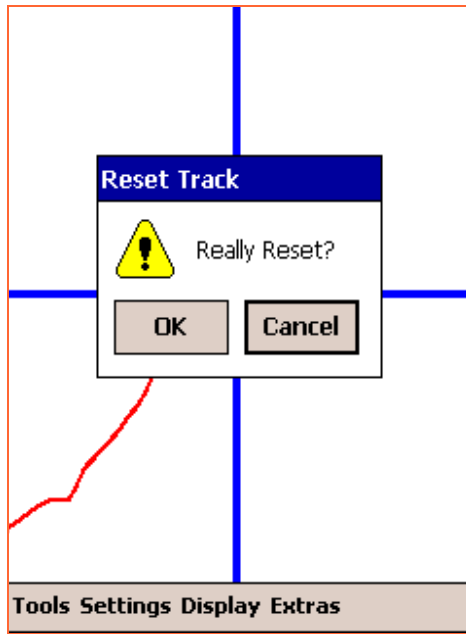
Terminates loxtrax after a confirmation dialog. If new settings were made (like new POIs) You will be asked to save them.



Click OK to exit loxtrax.

4.1.5 "Reset"

Deletes the current track and resets (reopens) the current NMEA source. An existing Bluetooth connection will be closed and re-established.



Click OK to reset loxtrax' track buffer.

Also resets the state of the POIs (pop up messages will be shown again when approaching). Existing POIs are not deleted. It also resets the track totals (track length and track duration)

Before recording a track, use this function after the position is accurate and stable. This way, you prevent your track beginning with very inaccurate positions. When a GPS starts, it usually takes several seconds or minutes until it acquired a precise position.

This is especially the case when the GPS was moved turned off over large distances.

4.1.6 "www.magnalox.net"

This function opens <http://www.magnalox.net> using the browser configured in the system (usually the Pocket Internet Explorer).

Make sure you closed the connection when not required anymore to prevent costly mobile online time.

4.2 "Settings"

4.2.1 "GPS Interface"

Here the parameters concerning the GPS data source used are set.

4.2.1.1 "COM1 - COM8"

Selects COM1 - COM8 as GPS input. Loxtrax expects NMEA compatible records arriving here.

Loxtrax interprets GPRMC and GPGGA sentences only. Both must be sent by the GPS, all others are ignored.

Some GPSes can be configured to send certain records only. If Loxtrax doesn't display a position, makes sure your GPS is configured properly.

If loxtrax doesn't find a valid position, turn on the NMEA recording feature and have a look at the records saved.

For more details, see [4.2.2 "Log To File"](#).

4.2.1.2 Baudrate

Selects the baud rate (speed) in which the COM port specified above is opened. 4800 Baud is OK in most cases.

4.2.1.3 "NMEA file"

Select a pre - recorded NMEA file as a data source. This makes loxtrax replaying a track previously recorded. It behaves just like it reads the data from a real GPS, except that it doesn't make pauses when reading it. So the replay is much faster than the recording. If this is selected, the GPS Data from the GPS antenna is ignored and not read out any more.

To create tracks in .nmea format, you can use the record function described below.

When started in file replaying mode, loxtrax asks for the filename on startup. If you click "cancel", it uses the file it used before.

4.2.2 "Log To File"

This functions write the input from the GPS into a file on the PDA for later usage.

In both cases the location and filename is selectable. This way the recordings can be saved on flash media, meaning that they don't get lost even if the PDA's battery fails.

4.2.2.1 "NMEA"

Lets you specify if and where the incoming NMEA data is saved into a .nmea file. The file can reside on a Flash memory card or a microdrive.

These .nmea files can be uploaded to www.magnalox.net to create a magnalog. The .nmea files can contain much more data than actually needed by loxtrax or magnalox and thus can grow fast. Other applications can also read and analyze NMEA log files. There is a little script available from <http://forum.magnalox.net> which can shrink .nmea files to make them fitting the limitations for free magnalox user accounts. Paid accounts have much higher limits.

All incoming and buffered NMEA records ("sentences") are saved. The data is saved without modification.

Even if you apply an elevation offset (see [4.2.8 "Elevation Correction"](#)) or filter the positions by quality (see [4.2.7 "Filter Pos. Quality"](#)), the logged records remain untouched and complete.

This feature is useful to find out what data loxtrax actually receives. It logs the data received even if no position is displayed. If loxtrax doesn't display a position it can be helpful to find out what loxtrax actually sees.

If there is no incoming data found in the file, it is very likely to be a COM port misconfiguration or the GPS is not sending any data at all.

Remember that loxtrax is not configuring the GPS device at all, it just listens. This makes it possible to use loxtrax parallel to other applications using the same COM port, given that the OS or additional software can provide this.

4.2.2.1.1 Required NMEA records ("sentences")

The data logged must contain lines beginning with

```
$GPGGA,110511.843,4848.2492,...
```

```
$GPRMC,110511.843,A,4848.2492,...
```

These two records ("sentences") **must** appear in the recording for a valid 3D position fix. Other records are ignored.

The second section `110511.843` is the UTC timestamp, f 11h05 and 11.843 seconds in this case.

Some GPSes can be set to send in other formats like SiRF. Loxtrax is not attempting to change the GPSes mode. If loxtrax doesn't display a valid position whereas other applications do, in most cases the GPS is not set to NMEA mode.

There are also tools available for some GPSes, which allow to set the frequency in which each record type is issued by the device. you can save a lot of space and time if you can configure the GPS so that it creates only the required types in the required intervals.

4.2.2.2 "IGC"

Lets you specify a file in which loxtrax saves the position samples. Only one sample per refresh is saved. Loxtrax asks you whether you want to save the internal positions store or not. This allows you to decide to save a .IGC after you started your trip without losing data.

This data format is also accepted as an upload format by magnalox.net. It is much compacter and thus preferable over NMEA format.

The IGC format is rather compact (unlike .gpx or .nmea) and specified by the FAI (FÉDÉRATION AÉRONAUTIQUE INTERNATIONALE) »here. Not all records and features are implemented.

4.2.3 "Sound"

Turns the signal beeps on or off.

Loxtrax signals for example when it is losing connection to the GPS or doesn't have enough satellites for a valid position.

Make sure that the PDA's system settings allow audio output.

4.2.4 "Background Map"

4.2.4.1 "Load"

Selects the image to be loaded as a background map, which is correctly displayed only by the magnalox edition of loxtrax. The background map is an ordinary image file, which can be in .png, .gif, .jpg or .bmp format.

True color files (like satellite maps) are possible, but it is recommended to use simplified maps having a high contrast.

If a map is loaded while "Center Last Position" mode is not enabled (see [4.2.6 "Center Last Position"](#)) and AutoPick Map (see [4.2.4.3 "Auto Pick Map"](#)) is not enabled, loxtrax moves the visible display window to the map area for a first visual check.

Just re-enable "Settings" → "Center Last Position" to continue having the display window moved to the latest location.

Maps can also reside on removable memory cards. This fact simplifies the convenient and fast creation of map libraries. Create the maps on the PC, then plug the memory card into your PDA.

Organize your maps by country, region or type (street- , nautical- , topographic-, user drawn-, satellite- etc) in different sub- directories for a better overview. Memory cards offering 4 GB of storage are available for less than 100 Euro.

4.2.4.1.1 Calibrating the background maps

Loxtrax must be able to assign a map to a certain area, what is called "calibration".

Each map is calibrated by specifying it's bounding box. The bounding box coordinates are determined by the map's filename.

Naming convention::

```
A...A#BBBBBBB#CCCCCCCC#DDDDDDDD#EEEEEEEE.png
```

A...A = arbitrary text describing the map without '#' (= field separator), ignored by loxtrax. See below.

B/C, D/E = latitude/longitude coordinates of the south west (B/C) and north east corner (D/E). These values must be exact, otherwise the map is not displayed or distorted! Maps coordinates from west to Greenwich or south to the Equator have negative signs.

78123456 means 78.123456° (decimal notation), 6 decimal digits after the decimal point are required! Don't use the # - character in the filename other than explained here.

Example filename:

```
map #41453403#-72827083#41467469#-72811208.png
```

This map's corner coordinates (latitude, longitude) are:

41.453403°,-72.827083°(south west) and

41.467496°,-72.811208° (north east)

Other Examples:

West to Pittsburgh, USA:

```
#40308854#-80386963#40517975#-79961243
```

North to Sydney, AUS:

```
#-33650065#151040039#-33421126#151465759
```

Most mapping - applications have a feature showing the coordinates of the current mouse position, like Google Earth or MagicMaps have.

Loxtrax expects all maps in [Mercator](#) projection, north up. This is the mapping type also used by Google Maps and other applications.

4.2.4.1.2 Verify the map calibration online using www.magnalox.net

www.magnalox.net offers an easy aid to check the coordinates:

1. Open a magnalog in "large display" Google Maps mode, for example here:

<http://www.magnalox.net/log/no.php?lid=11394&fmt=G&t=0&z=3&ti1=1>

2. Zoom and pan until it covers your desired area
3. Click on the crosshair. You will find the coordinates of the corner points of the map displayed just below the current position. This allows a convenient plausibility check of your coordinates. These values are updated when you modify the map.

It is recommended to use the following notation for the filename:

Country-Region-Maptype[Coordinates].xyz

Example:

USA Gettysburg Road #39794161#-
77338600#39845252#-77230282.png

Country= USA, Region= Gettysburg, Type=Road map (could be Topo or Satellite or User drawn).

You can also organize your maps in different directories, sorted by map type or by location. It is very recommended to keep a copy of all maps created on a PC or (even better) a removable backup media such like CD or memory cards.

The actual X-and Y-dimensions of the bitmap are only limited by the PDA's memory, 2048 x 1600 still works flawless on a Loox 720.

A bitmap of 1024x1024 pixels requires already 3 megabytes of memory to be rescaled and panned for each screen rendered.

In cases where huge maps can't be loaded, it may make sense to reset the PDA. This de-fragments the memory usage pattern, allowing larger blocks of memory being allocated.

Remember that very large maps require more time to read and display. Loxtrax uses the PDAs drawing hardware to display bitmaps, but scaling a huge, true color bitmap on the fly still takes some time.

To make loxtrax rendering a background bitmap, the background map generation needs to be turned on under "Display"→"Indicators"→"Background Map". This is automatically done for you by loxtrax after loading a map.

4.2.4.2 "Unload"

Unloading a background map frees the PDAs resources accordingly.

4.2.4.3 "Auto Pick Map"

If turned on, loxtrax uses the best matching map for the current screen center.

This means, if you move along your track or if you pan to another location using the touchscreen, you will see the corresponding map from the position you are or look at. This is especially useful to look ahead if the current map tile doesn't cover the target area. Loxtrax uses an algorithm to select the best fitting map. The map with the current position inside and with the smallest bounding box coordinates is assumed to be the most detailed one.

If you have set the zoom-level to "Match Map", loxtrax changes the display scale to make a pixel on the map bitmap matching a pixel on the screen.

This results in the clearest and fastest moving background maps and sets the zoom-level higher, all without a single user interaction.

When for example driving on a highway, you usually need no detailed maps except when approaching an exit.

Using this strategy, loxtrax can display a large, low-resolution overview map for the whole area and high-resolution detailed maps for special areas of interest like exits or other areas.

When you enter such an area, loxtrax automatically switches to this map and adapts the resolution and scaling. After you left the area, loxtrax changes back to the large scale overview map.

The entire directory that you picked last as background map directory is scanned and all maps in this directory are prepared for potential use. This way you can take a several Gbyte SD Card, fill it with maps and let loxtrax automatically pick the correct map for you. In the current implementation at most 32 maps are selectable at once.

4.2.4.4 "Open"

This function opens the current active background map file (.png, .gif, .jpg or .bmp) using the application assigned by the Operating System for the file type. For .png files this is usually the Pocket Internet Explorer, but image manipulation programs can overwrite these assignments.

This is an easy and convenient method to manipulate the map directly on the PDA.

4.2.5 "Intervals"

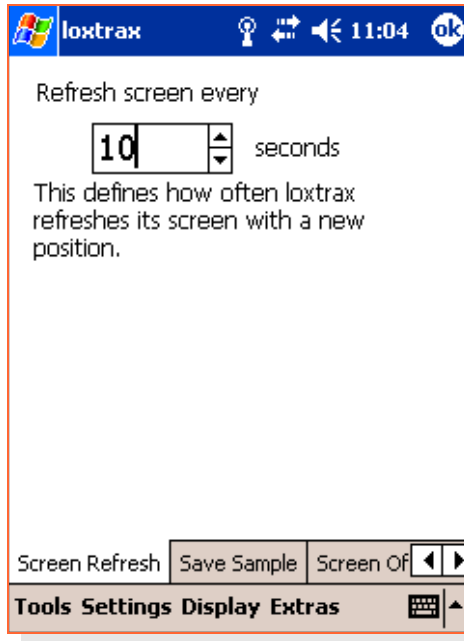
Opens a new dialog where the intervals can be set.

Loxtrax has currently three user-definable intervals:

1. Screen refresh
2. Sample save
3. Display off

4.2.5.1 Screen refresh Interval

Here you can specify how often the display should be refreshed. Click the tab at the bottom of the display if other tabs are displayed.



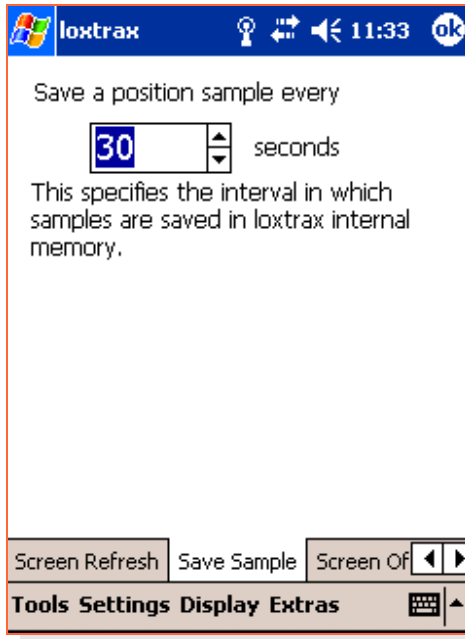
Enter a value using the up- down- arrows, the scroll wheel or the up-down- key. Alternatively the virtual keyboard can be used for entries.

Low rates here leave the PDA's CPU longer in idle mode and thus save energy. A value of zero means usually "no update".

Click OK in the upper right corner or press the Enter key to close this dialog.

4.2.5.2 Save Sample Interval

Here you can specify how often a position sample is saved when the logging function is enabled. Click the tab at the bottom of the display if other tabs are displayed.



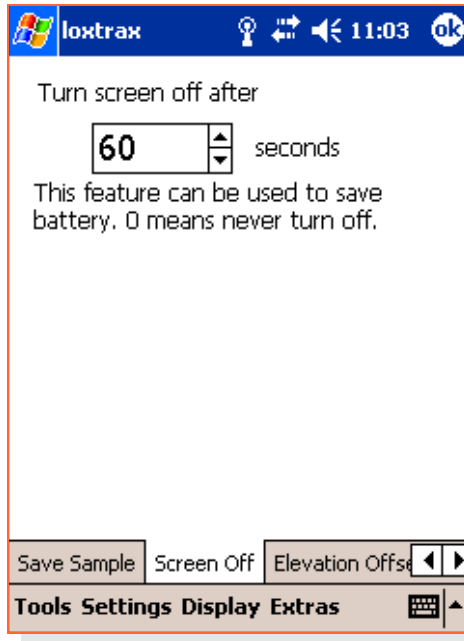
Enter a value using the up- down- arrows, the scroll wheel or the up- down- key. Alternatively the virtual keyboard can be used for entries.

Low rates here leave the PDA's CPU longer in idle mode and thus save energy.

Click OK in the upper right corner or press the Enter key to close this dialog.

4.2.5.3 Screen Off Interval

Here you can define after what period loxtrax turns the display off. Click the tab at the bottom of the display if other tabs are displayed.



Enter a value using the up- down- arrows, the scroll wheel or the up-down- key. Alternatively the virtual keyboard can be used for entries.

Turning the display off saves energy and prevents screen inputs for example while the PDA is in the pocket. Turn the display on again by pressing a hardware button.

Click OK in the upper right corner or press the Enter key to close this dialog.

4.2.6 "Center Last Position"

If this setting is enabled (visualized by a check mark left to it), the last position is centered on the screen. Even if the visible area is panned using the touch screen, the display re-centers after a while.

If this setting is disabled, the visible area on screen is not modified by loxtrax. This can be very convenient for example when panning the map to a location ahead.

Note that the zoom functions don't apply when this feature is disabled! loxtrax remains in the current zoom-level and -mode.

To modify the zoom-modus (like "Match Map") or -level again just enable this setting.

4.2.7 "Filter Pos. Quality"

Using this setting, all positions worse than a minimum "quality" (meaning accuracy of the position indicated) can be filtered out from being used by loxtrax.

The NMEA data received from GPS receivers contains informations about the quality of the signal. The quality is determined by the number of satellites "seen" and the constellation for the satellites. For example, if all satellites were at the same location (what never happens), the accuracy of the position would be very bad for geometrical reasons.

The satellites permanently move (are not in geostationary orbit), so the accuracy permanently changes even if the receiver is not moving.

When having bad signal reception, the location indicated can change very much even if the device doesn't move. This can lead to undesired results (longer track length etc), which can be filtered out.

On the other side, enabling a filter can also mean that there is no position at all

The signal quality indicator used is the [HDOP](#) ("Horizontally Dilution Of Precision") parameter. The lower the value, the better the accuracy. Values lower than 1.0 indicate a rather good precision. The actual accuracy in distances or areas can't be really determined by the HDOP, because it also

depends on the constellations of the satellites and their individual signal strength.

Loxtrax can indicate a loss of satellite reception with the "SAT?" alarm-message printed in large red letters when the filter prevents positions from being processed by loxtrax. In this case, a less restrictive filter can help.

NMEA data is written to the logfile (if logging is enabled) before the filtering is applied. So the NMEA files still contain all data sent by the GPS, even the positions filtered out. This may be useful for a later analysis.

See also chapter [4.3.5.5 "HDOP"](#).

4.2.7.1 "Off (all HDOPs)"

All valid 3D positions received from the GPS are used.

4.2.7.2 "Medium (<4)"

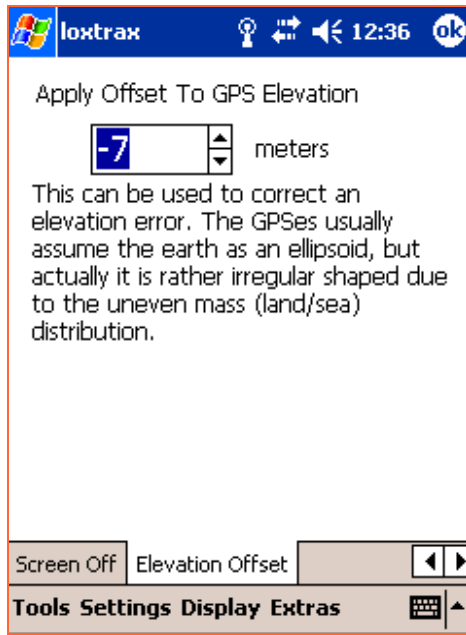
Only positions having a HDOP lower than 4 are used.

4.2.7.3 "High (< 2)"

Only positions having a HDOP lower than 2 are used.

4.2.8 "Elevation Correction"

This function opens a dialog where the elevation correction offset used by loxtrax can be set.



If unsure, enter 0 here (=default). All other values result in a check mark left to the menu entry to indicate an manual correction being applied. This value varies usually between + and - 100 meters.

The elevations saved in a NMEA log file aren't modified. The elevations saved in a .igc file are modified by this elevation offset.

4.2.8.1 Little GPS elevation theory

When the GPS devices calculate the elevation based on the received signals, they usually use a mathematical description of the earth's shape ("[ellipsoid](#)"). Using this simplification, the elevation must be rather inaccurate. The earth is actually not a perfect ellipsoid because of the uneven mass distribution (land/water). To exaggerate it a bit, the earth rather looks like a potato than a squashed sphere.

So the next step of model refinement usually used is named "[geoid](#)". A geoid is describing the shape better by using complexer formulas, but it still has errors.

Loxtrax offers a manually entered offset, which it applies to the elevations after reading the GPS records. If you know your exact elevation, just enter the difference between the elevation indicated by the GPS and the actual elevation.

After this, the elevation indicated by loxtrax should be closer to the real elevation. Be aware that the offset is location dependant.

Note that the elevation-error is higher than the horizontal position error due to the principles applied by the GPS. It is easier to understand this when recognizing that the satellites below the device aren't usable for the GPS. Only satellites in the hemisphere above the device can deliver usable signals.

For more details and theory just search the Internet for "geoid".

<http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/GEOID/> more explanations

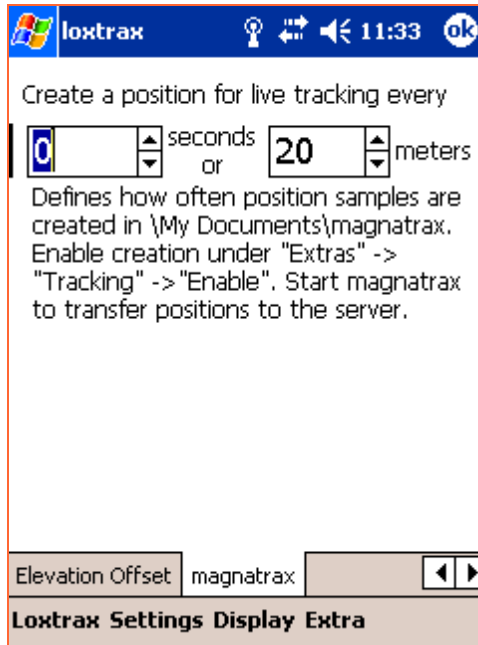
<http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/GEOID/GEOID03/images/geoid03.b.jpg> is an interesting map for the US.

<http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geoidundulation> is an interesting article in German.

4.2.9 magnatrix

Enter here the intervals in which positions for live tracking are created.

You can enter a track- or a time-interval in meters or seconds.



Whatever happens first triggers the creation of a new position to be transferred by magnatrix, given that live tracking is enabled. See [4.4.3.3 Enable](#)

4.3 "Display"

In this menu the display parameters like zoom factor, colors and display elements can be defined.

Loxtrax has four individual display "pages", which can be configured individually.

You can for examples set up a page to display the moving map and the track, page 2 to display the elevation and speed graphs, page 3 to display the GPS conditions and page 4 to display the direction and distance to the next POI.

The user can switch display pages by using a menu function, hardware buttons, a timer interval or by shortly tabbing the screen when the display page number is displayed in the upper right corner (see below).

4.3.1 "Zoom"

Specifies the zoom modus used for screen renderings as described below. The zoom modus chosen applies to all display pages.

Changes here have no influence when the "Center Last Position" mode is turned off (= has no check mark set, see below), meaning the display is not following the last position.

The zoom modus has also an influence on rendering speed, because some display elements (like background maps) must be rescaled.

This may be of importance on weaker hardware having slower CPUs.

4.3.1.1 "100M", "1KM", "5KM", "10KM", "25KM", "50KM", "100KM"

This sets the displayed are to a fixed zoom level.

This mode slows down the screen rendering, when background maps are used because the bitmaps have to be rescaled.

You can switch to even large scales by using the scroll wheel or the up/down keys.

4.3.1.2 "Dynamic Zoom:"

Specify here how many of the most recent samples shall remain in the area visible on the screen.

If you are moving fast, this covers a larger area, if you are slow or stopping, the covered area gets smaller and smaller, as you might need for a detailed display.

The current position can move off-center in this modus.

The zoom factor can be also influenced using the wheel or the up- down keys.

4.3.1.3 "Alternate"

Automatically alternates the zoom modus between the last two types chosen by the user.

Example:

Select "1KM", then "Match POIs", then "Alternate"

The display will alternate between a full overview (all POIs) and a detailed 1 kilometer area without further user interaction.

4.3.1.4 "Previous"

Switches back to the last zoom modus used.

4.3.1.5 "Match POIs"

Display all Points Of Interest ("POI"s, see below) and the current position on a single screen.

4.3.1.6 "Match LOI"

Display the full Line Of Interest ("LOI" see below) and the current position

4.3.1.7 "Match Map"

Adjusts the zoom level in a way that 1 pixel of the background map equals 1 pixel of the display.

In this modus, the background map(if used) is not rescaled and thus not distorted. This results in the fastest and clearest map display.

The display speed may be of importance on weak hardware or when much data has to be processed, what is the case when maps are very large (more than 200 by 2000 pixels).

If no background map is loaded, the results are unspecified.

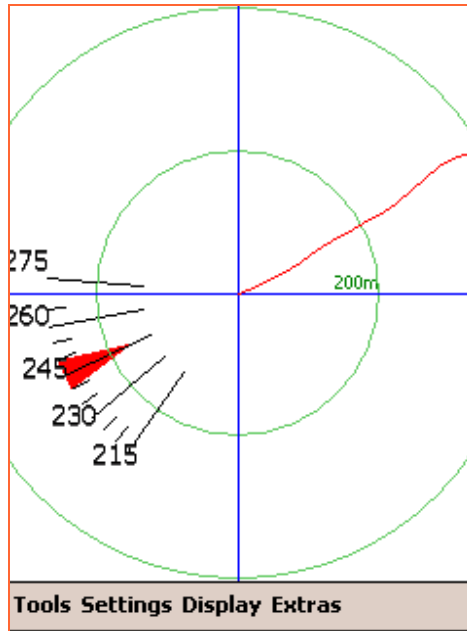
4.3.2 "Colors"

This function switches the rendering mode between day (=bright colors, white background) and night (=dim colors, black background) mode.

When used at night, a very bright display may disturb the users view by not adapting the eyes to dark conditions.

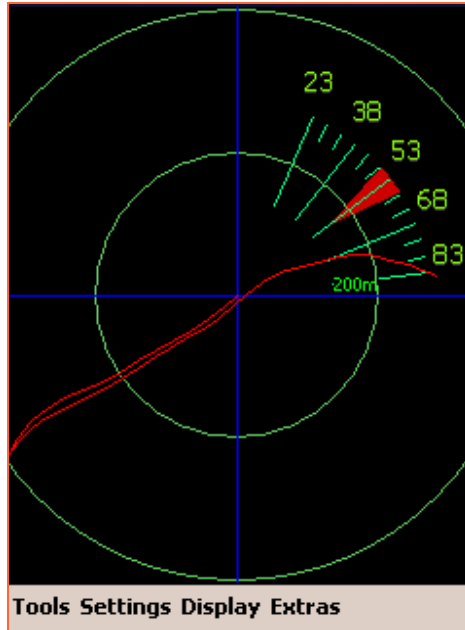
Dark colors in bright sunlight on the other side can be hard to recognize.

4.3.2.1 Day mode



This color scheme results in maximum contrast on a bright white background. It is especially well readable on transfective displays in direct sunlight as used on modern PDAs.

4.3.2.2 Night mode

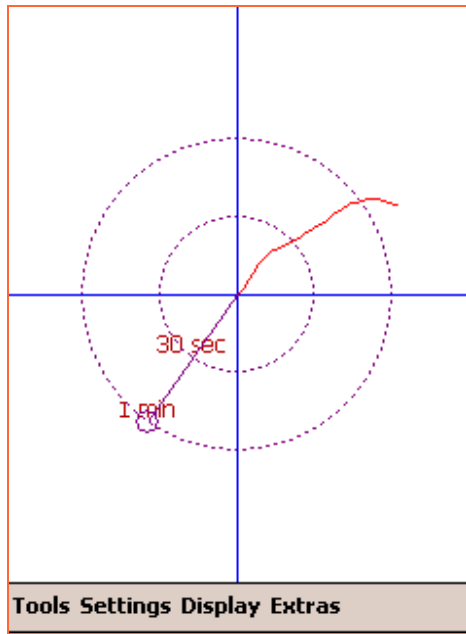


This mode results in a dim display to keep the user's eyes adapted to the darkness.

4.3.3 "Point Ahead":

"1Hour", "30Min", "10Min", "1Min", "Off"

Shows a ray and a circle marking the probable area reached within the time specified.



The dotted circles mark the distance reached in the four selectable intervals given that the current speed is kept constant. The ray points into the direction currently taken by the user.

This is especially useful on slow turning object like ships. If enough space on the display is left, a circle for 50% of the time interval is also drawn.

4.3.4 "Symbol Size":

"Small", "Large", "XLarge", "Auto"

Specifies the size of texts, lines and other display elements, especially useful on VGA displays.

Auto-mode uses a value matching your screen resolution.

This setting influences the display rendering speed, "Small" = fastest.

On some hardware, hardware graphics accelerations are only effective if line widths of 1 pixel are chosen.

This behavior may change from PDA to PDA and may disappear with future hardware and/or OS generations.

4.3.5 "Indicators"

Turn off singled display elements like speed, elevation, distance circles, coordinate grid, GPS sample markers, text messages and signal quality (HDOP).

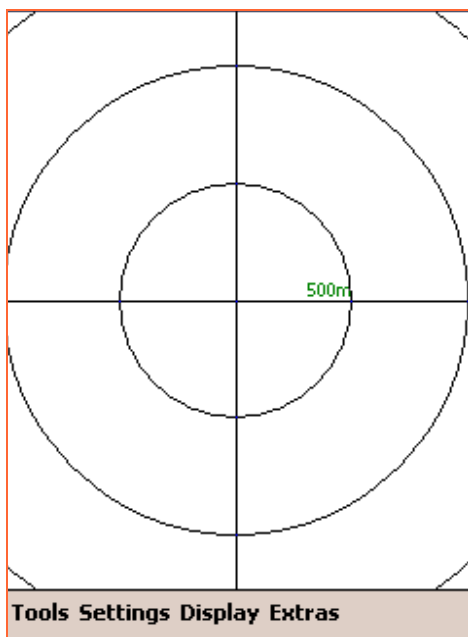
These settings are individually settable for each display page (see [4.3.6 "Show Page"](#)).

The displays shown below are in day color mode, the smallest symbol size possible and most examples show a cross hair too, which can be individually turned on or off.

All display elements can be combined, but not all combinations of display elements make sense. For example, if all graphs are displayed, it would cover a map shown in the background almost totally.

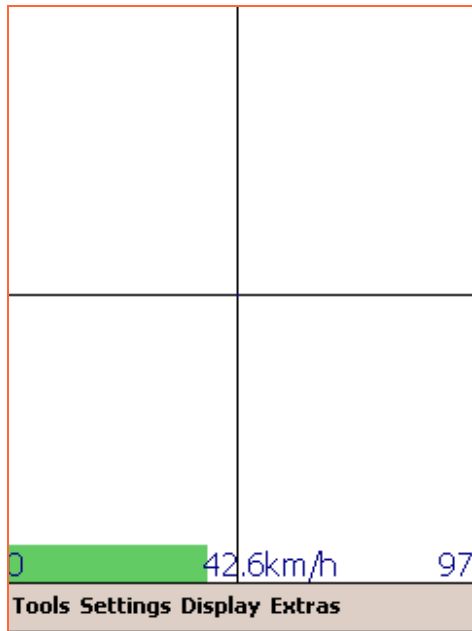
4.3.5.1 "Distance Circles"

Turns the rendering of distance circles on or off.



4.3.5.2 "Speed"

Shows the speed at the bottom end of the display a numeric values and as a bar.

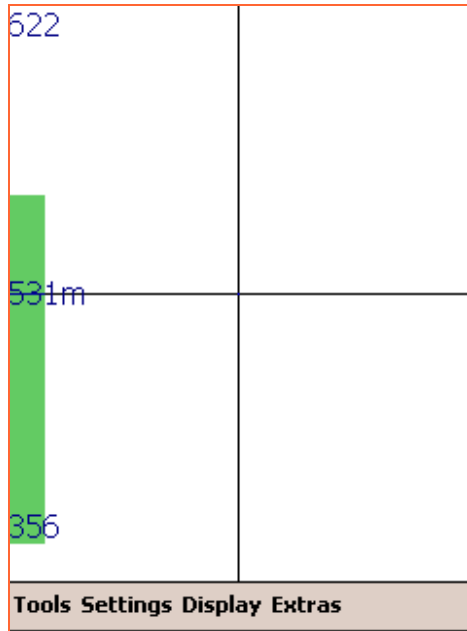


The left value is the minimum, the right value is the maximum speed. The center shows the latest speed.

The green bar visualizes the percentage of the current speed vs the maximum speed.

4.3.5.3 "Elevation"

Shows the elevation at the left side of the display as numeric values and as a bar.

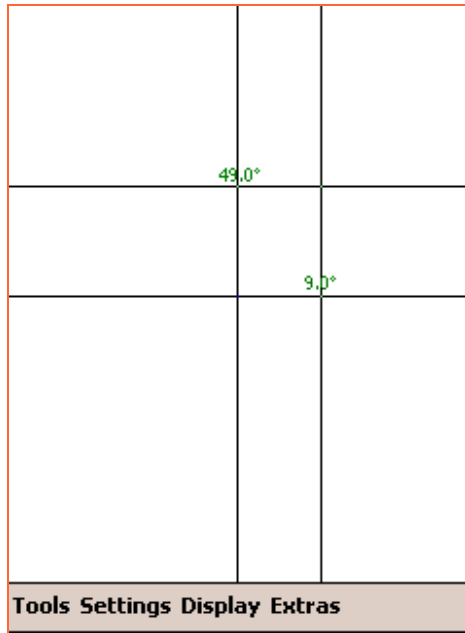


The top value is the minimum, the right value is the maximum elevation. The middle shows the latest elevation.

The green bar visualizes the percentage of the current elevation vs the maximum elevation.

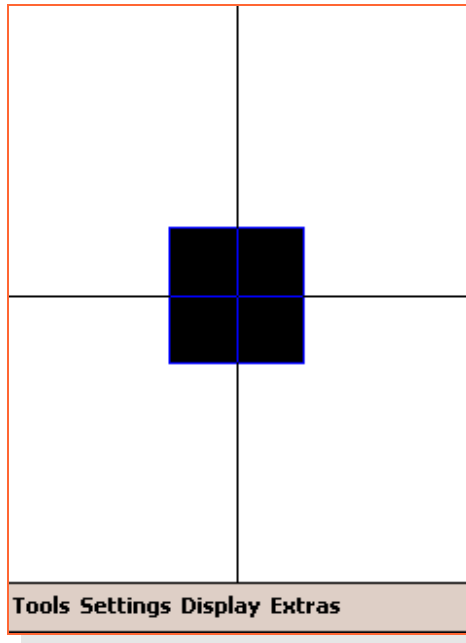
4.3.5.4 "Coord Grid"

Turns the rendering of the coordinate grid on and off.



4.3.5.5 "HDOP"

Turns the rendering of rectangle visualizing the current accuracy on or off.



The rectangle visualizes the HDOP ("horizontal dilution of precision") value. A small rectangle signals an accurate position.

It is **not** representing the most probable area (which is very unlikely to be rectangular anyway).

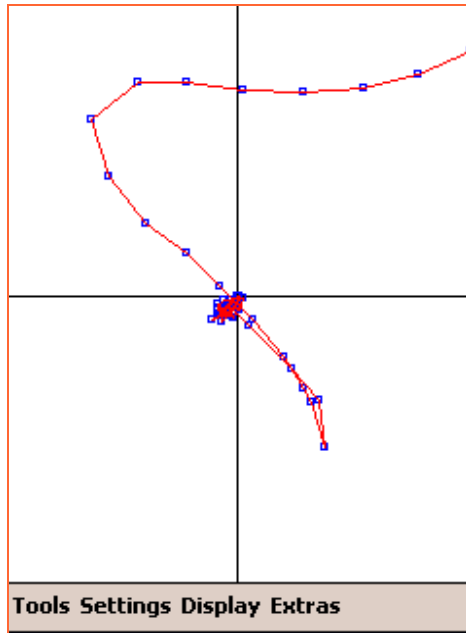
The rectangle is not scaled when zooming. The smaller the rectangle, the better the signal.

It is flashing when loxtrax updates the display, meant as a visible "heartbeat".

Note that the number of satellites alone is not sufficient for a good estimation of the accuracy actually delivered. Few satellites in good constellations may result in better positions than many satellites in bad positions.

4.3.5.6 "Position Samples"

Turns the rendering of markers for position samples on or off.



Each of the blue rectangles represent a location where the GPS position was recorded. The lines in between are straight lines.

Position samples are only rendered when the track display (red line) is also turned on.

4.3.5.7 "Track"

Turns the rendering of the track line on or off.

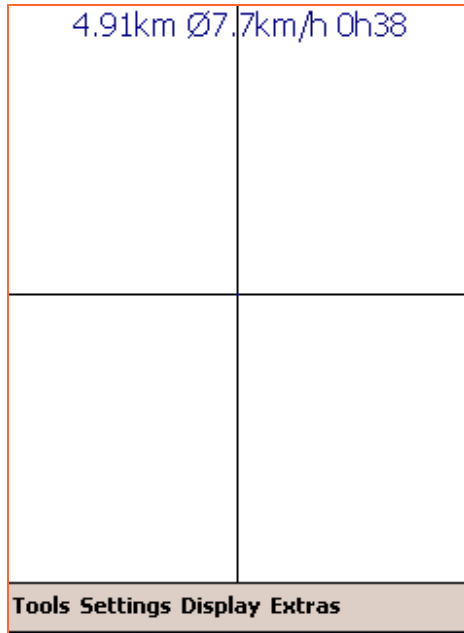


The track line connects the locations of actual position samples (see [4.3.5.6 "Position Samples"](#)).

To optimize the rendering speed, loxtrax can omit segments having a sample outside the drawing window. Just zoom out for a full track display.

4.3.5.8 "Totals"

Turns the display of the trip totals on or off.



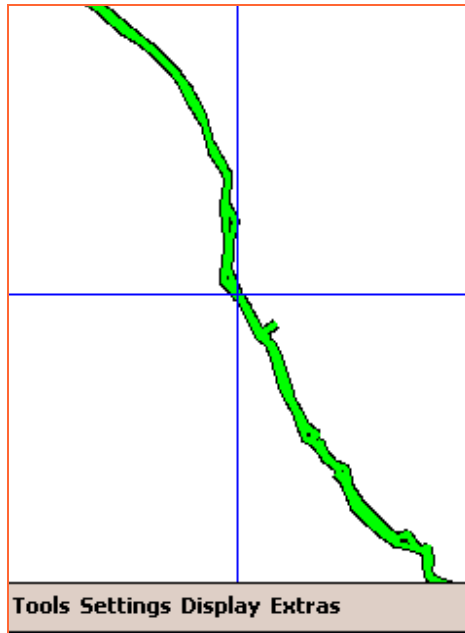
The values are (from left to right):

1. track length
2. average speed
3. time

These values are reset with the reset function (see [4.1.3 "Reset"](#)).

4.3.5.9 "LOI Track"

Turns the rendering of the "Line Of Interest" on or off.



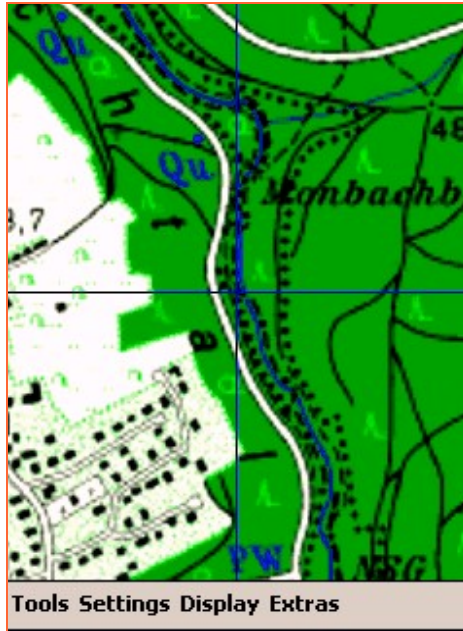
A LOI as a predefined track as downloaded from www.magnalox.net.

LOIs are imported from files using .gpx format.

Not all features possible in .gpx are implemented.

4.3.5.10 "Background Map"

Turns the rendering of the background map on or off.



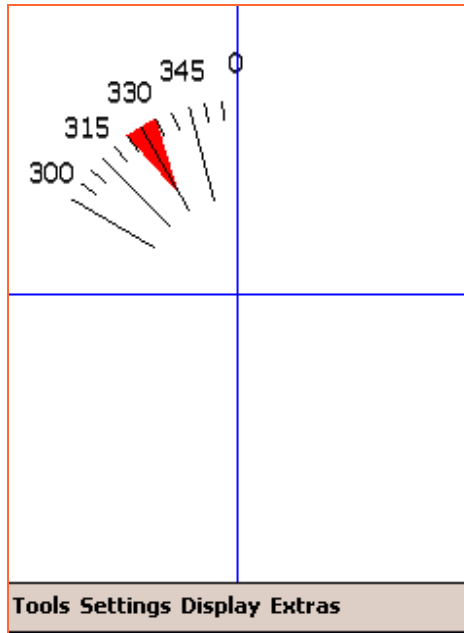
The best display of a background map is achieved when the bitmap is not scaled. This is the case when the zoom modus "Mtach Map" is selected.

The background map moves as the position changes unless the "Keep Position Centered" mode is turned off.

You can pan the whole display using a finger or stylus.

4.3.5.11 "Direction"

Turns the rendering of direction rays on or off.



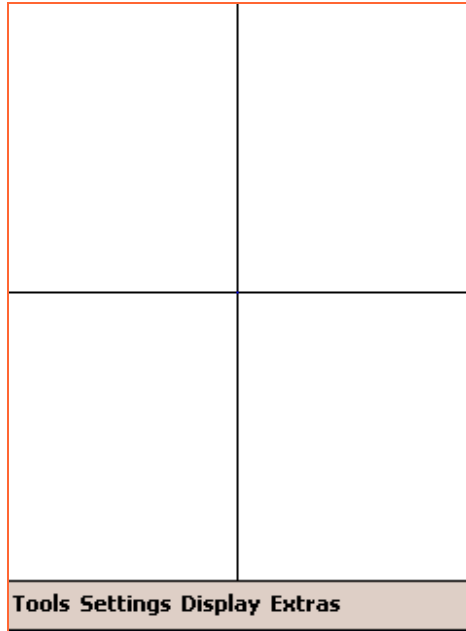
The center value with the red arrow marks the current direction.

The short rays mark 5°, the long rays 15°. This is useful on ships when the extend of a course correction has to be estimated.

Note that the magnetic course can deviate from these values quite noticeably, depending on your location (read about "Magnetic declination", "Magnetic variation" and "Magnetic Deviation ").

4.3.5.12 "Crosshair"

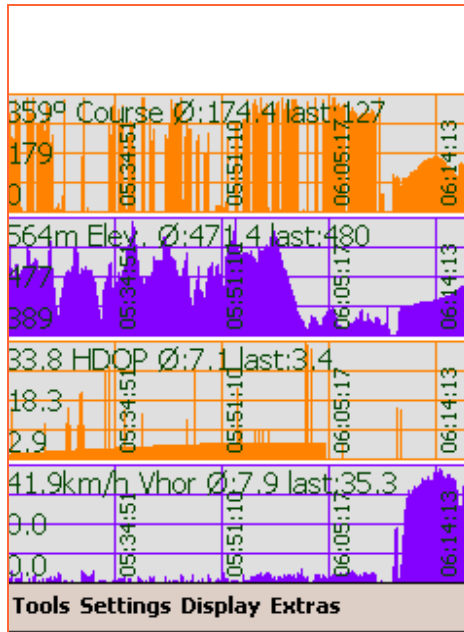
Turns the rendering of a crosshair marking the current location on or off.



This simplifies the finding of the current location on the map.

4.3.5.13 "Graphs"

Turns the rendering of graph displays on or off.



Loxtrax can display the following values as graphs:

course, elevation, HDOP, speed

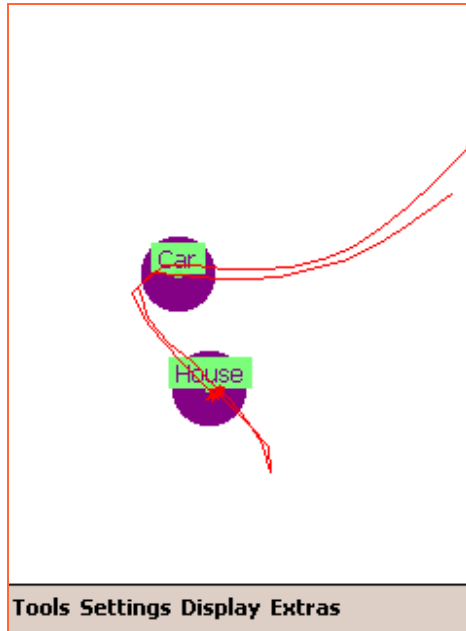
In regular intervals the time is also displayed. The most recent value is at the right. The maximum, minimum and 50% values are displayed. The **average of the samples shown** is also displayed. These values can differ from the total averages.

4.3.5.14 "Points Of Interest"

Turns the rendering of POI markers and direction/distance indicators on or off. "POI"s are points which can be defined by reading an external file, pressing the enter key, tabbing the screen for a context menu or using the regular menu.

4.3.5.14.1 "Markers"

Turns the rendering of POI markers on and off.

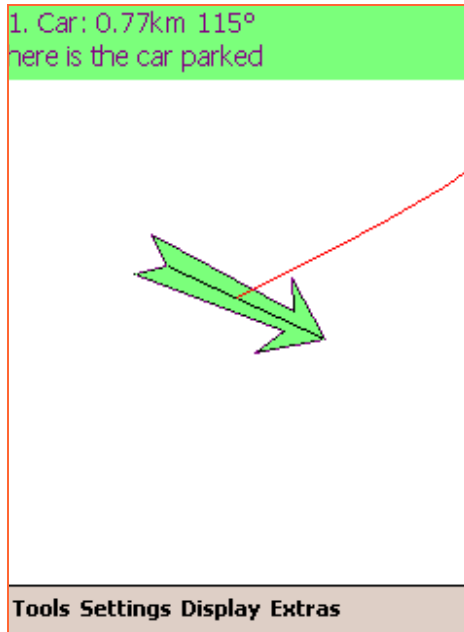


This display shows two POIs (purple circles) with their index - texts)purple on green) and a track (red line). The circles represent the area, in which the POI is triggered, meaning a dialog box pops up showing informations about the POI.

POI triggering, color, and proximity circle can be defined for each POI individually.

4.3.5.14.2 "Direction to POI"

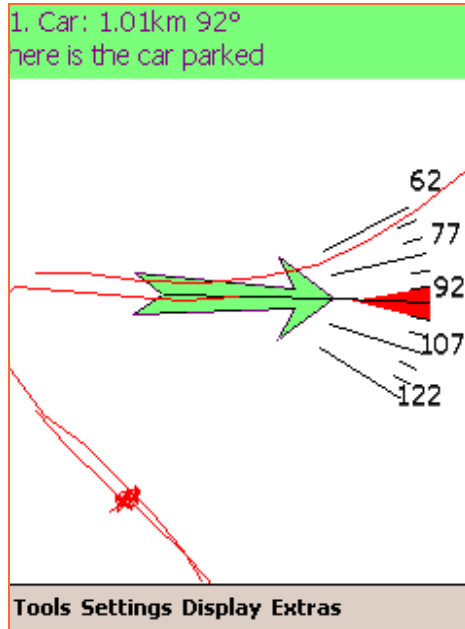
This turn the rendering of a direction arrow and the POIs names, distance and bearing on and off.



From upper left to lower right: POI number, Index text, distance to POI, course to POI, POIs longtext. The arrow indicates the direction to the POI. The fill colors used are the POIs colors.

Hints:

Enable POI arrow and direction rays in the same display.



If the red triangle points directly on the arrow, you are on the right course to the POI. If the red track line is aligning with the arrow's center line you are also heading to the POI.

You can step back and forth through the POIs defined using the upper left (=calender) and right (=connection) hardware keys (at least on a Loox). After the left POI was displayed, the indicators are hidden. Another key press restarts at the first POI then.

4.3.5.15 "Status"

Loxtrax currently has two status displays:

1. Battery status
2. GPS status.

Status displays are texts which are overlaid over the map.

4.3.5.15.1 "Battery"

Turns the display of the battery status on and off.

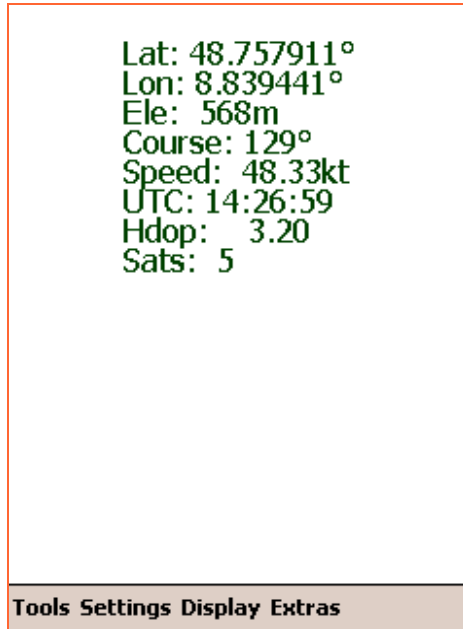


Lostrax display the fill status and the temperature. Note that not all PDAs and batteries have a temperature sensor, so if fixed strange values appear here, this is the explanation.

(The values shown here are somewhat irritating because this was take from an artificial display)

4.3.5.15.2 "GPS & Position"

Turns the display of GPS signal reception related values on and off.



This display shows values from the data the GPS sends to loxtrax.

Note that these values can also come from a pre-recorded file and not from a true GPS. The values shown here are unmodified GPS input. "HDOP" = "Horizontal Dilution Of Precision". Low values mean high precision. Details on [Wikipedia](#)

"Dilution" =german "*Abschwächung* "

4.3.6 "Show Page"

Loxtrax offer four independent display pages which can be configured individually.

This allows four different views at the current situation, which can be stepped through by using the hardware keys, the menu described below or a short screen tab when in "display-page no" mode.

You can shift the displayed page back and forth using the lower hardware buttons ("calendar" and "today" on a Loox 720)), wrapping around when going beyond page 4 or before page 1.

One simplified and fast display could show a map with a crosshair, the next could show the same plus the the track, speed and elevation, the third could show the POIs and the fourth could give informations about the GPS- and battery status.

This feature was implemented to minimize the display items shown at the same time. Displays showing too many informations at the same time can be too complex for quick recognition.

4.3.6.1 "1" "2" "3" "4"

These are the display numbers, the current display number has a checkmark to the left.

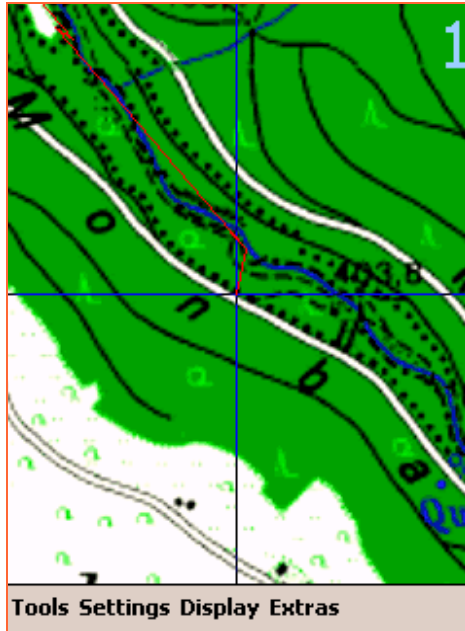
4.3.6.2 "Auto Advance"

Increments the displayed page and wraps around after the 4th display page in certain intervals.

This allows hands free operation but still having all informations in time-multiplexing.

4.3.6.3 "Page Number"

Displays the current display page's number in the upper right corner.



If this mode is on, a short tab on the screen advances to the next display page, wrapping around to page 1 after the 4th page.

4.4 "Extras"

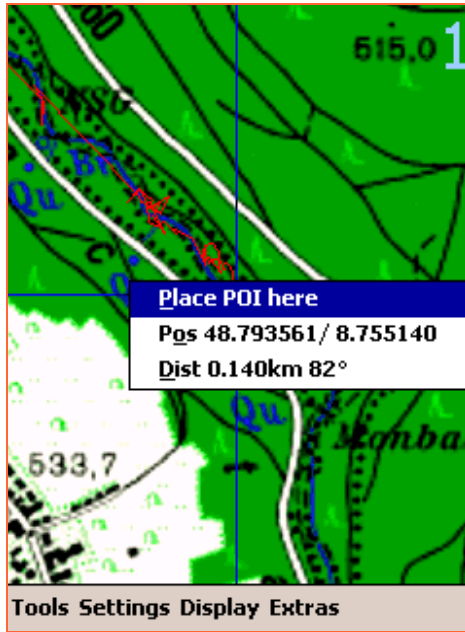
4.4.1 "POIs"

"Points Of Interest" are special points having coordinates, color, a short text, a long text and a proximity radius.

POIs can be generated in three ways:

1. "on the fly" by pressing the enter key.
This creates a POI at the current location
2. by reading a POI file. These files are ASCII .txt files which can be edited using Pocket Word. Registered users can download POI files from www.magnalox.net

3. by selecting "Place POI here" from a context menu. You can open the context menu by tabbing the screen for a longer time at the same location:

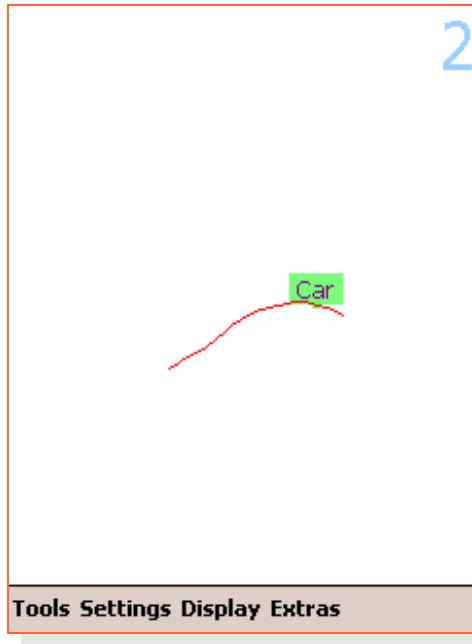


General POI display can be turned on and off using the "Display" → "Indicators" → "Points Of Interest" menu entry.

The appearance of a POI can be determined using the first section of the "Extras" → "POIs" menu described below.

4.4.1.1 "Short Texts": "On", "Off"

Defines whether the up to 5 chars index texts are displayed. This slows down loxtrax' rendering a bit.

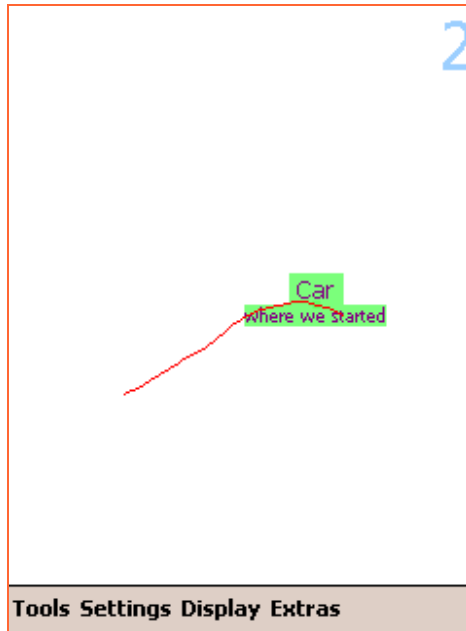


The POI position is actually at the bottom middle of the text box.

Fonts are not zoomed, so the text remains readable in all resolutions.

4.4.1.2 "Longtexts": "Display", "Hide"

Render long texts below the POIs or not. This can slow down loxtrax and lead to a cluttered display if many long texts are displayed.



This POI has the short- and the long text (smaller font) display turned on. The POI position is actually at the top middle of the long text text box. Fonts are not zoomed, so the text remains readable in all resolutions.

4.4.1.3 "Display Circles": "On", "Off"

Defines whether proximity circles are rendered. The POIs event (see [4.4.1.4 "Trigger Events"](#)) is triggered when the position enters such a circle.



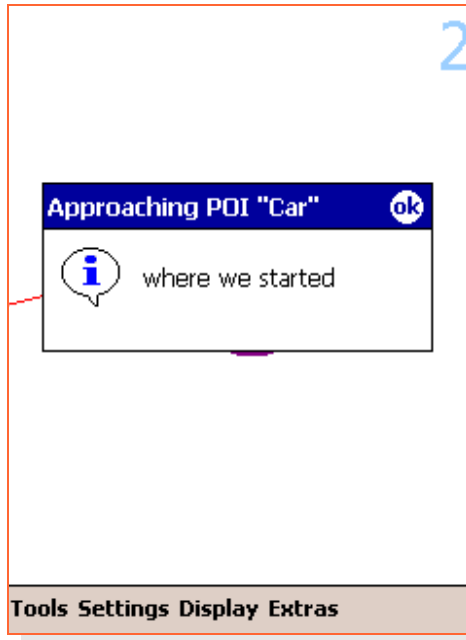
To be exact, it can be understood rather like a cylinder than a circle, because the elevation doesn't matter.

The size of the circle depends on the proximity radius and the zoom level. Map details can shine through the circle.

The short text is also shown here. The circle's color is taken from the POI definition (see below).

4.4.1.4 "Trigger Events"

An event is triggered, when the current position enters a proximity circle of a POI. Currently, that means that a info- or alarm-text pops up and has to be confirmed by the user with a tab, the center key or the wheel pressed.



There are also events types that play audio- or video- files or open a certain webpage when triggered. This allows many new applications using loxtrax and POIs.

For example, the PDA can narrate stories or can warn at special locations. The audio files can be recorded using the PDAs audio recording features. The message popup box can be closed by clicking the "OK" button or by pressing the enter-key (usually the center key on the PDA) or the scroll wheel.

4.4.1.4.1 "Random"

The sequence in which the POI events are triggered doesn't matter.

A POI triggers only once, unless the "Reset" function was used ("Loxtrax" menu)

4.4.1.4.2 "Only In Sequence"

POI events are only triggered in the order given.

This is useful for example for round-trips where the last POI is at the starting location. It is only triggered when all other POIs where reached meanwhile.

4.4.1.4.3 "Off"

No POI events are triggered.

4.4.1.5 "Read From File"

Deletes all present POIs and reads new POIs from a user selectable .txt file.

The file is plain ASCII, editable with Pocket Word as found on each PDA.

Each line describes a POI, spaces are important. Check the example file or the POI-files contained in a magnalog's download (registered magnalox users only, registration is free).

4.4.1.5.1 POI definition record example

Example line (avoid line breaks!):

```
A C:255 255 255 I:RudHa A:5412.2214 O:1346.3775  
R:1540 T:"arriving in Ruden Harbour" L:2
```

Field explanations:

- A = record type, fixed, lines not beginning "A " are ignored
- C:R G B = POI color, red, green blue components, 0...255
- I:12345 = max 5 characters index text ("shorttext")
- A:1234.5678 = position, A= lat O = lon, NMEA notation, 12° + 34 minutes + 0.5678 minutes
- R:333 = proximity radius 1000000 = 1°
- T:"1222" = longtext between "", usage depends on event type

- L:1 = event type.

Types known:

1 = info pop up box

2 = warning pop up box

From loxtrax version V1.2.1 on:

3= open document as noted in long text

4= play .wav file as noted in long text

For type 3 and 4, the filename must be noted like

```
T:"My Documents/test.wav"
```

4.4.1.6 "Append From File"

Reads new POIs from a user selectable file and adds them to to the list of active POIs. Loxtrax keeps the existing POIs.

Using this feature, users can set up libraries of POIs and add the ones matching the current situation when required.

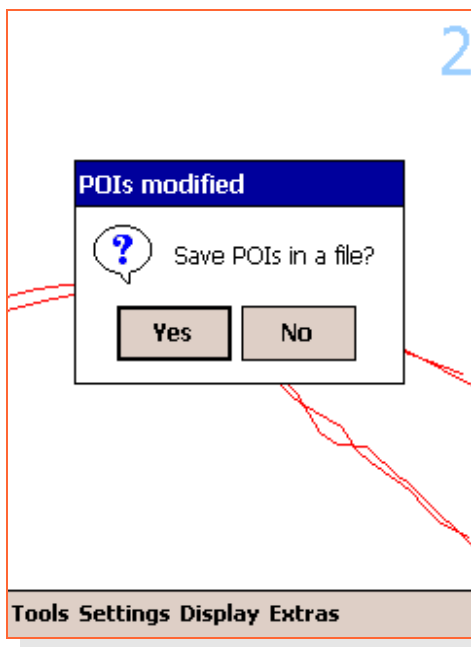
Loxtrax maintains currently not more than 64 POIs at the same time.

If the list of POIs is too long, the speed slows down because each POI must be checked on each new location.

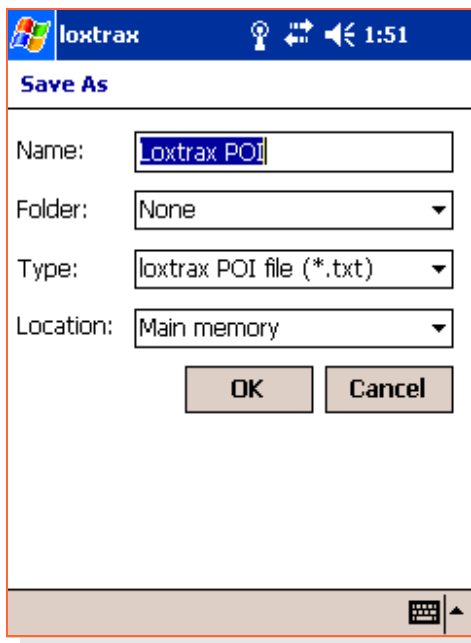
4.4.1.7 "Save To File"

Saves all current POIs into a file. Useful when new POIs were created.

Before exiting, loxtrax warns when unsaved POIs exist:



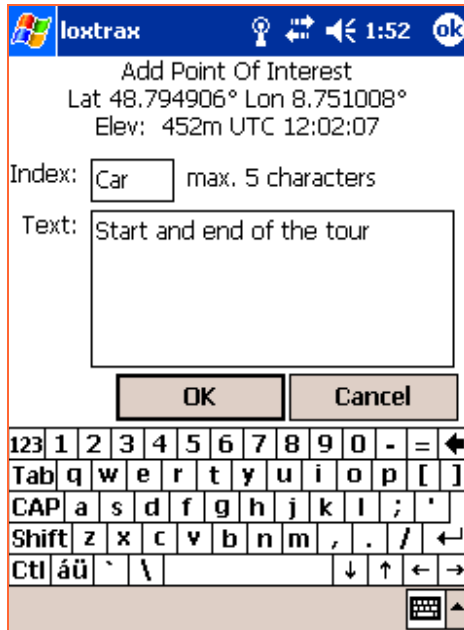
After clicking "Yes" the following dialog enables the user to save all existing POIs in a file:



The resulting ASCII .txt - file can be edited using a text editor or Pocket Word.

4.4.1.8 "Add POI here"

Creates a POI at the current location (even when playing back a .NMEA file) and let the user enter the index (=shorttext) and longtext.

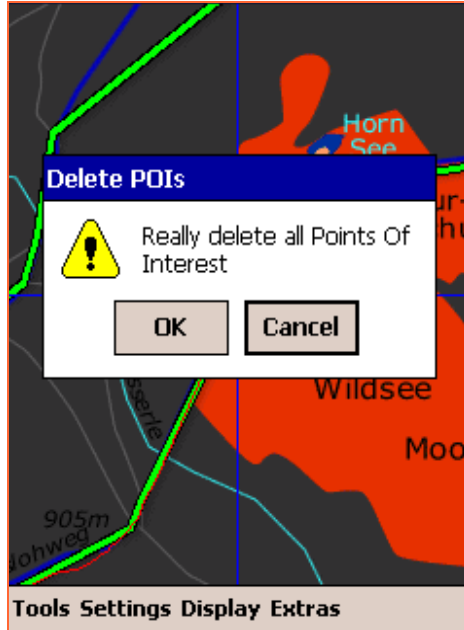


The long text is set by default to the local time. You can overwrite it using a (virtual) keyboard.

This function can also be invoked by using the "Enter" hardware-key.

4.4.1.9 "Delete All POIs"

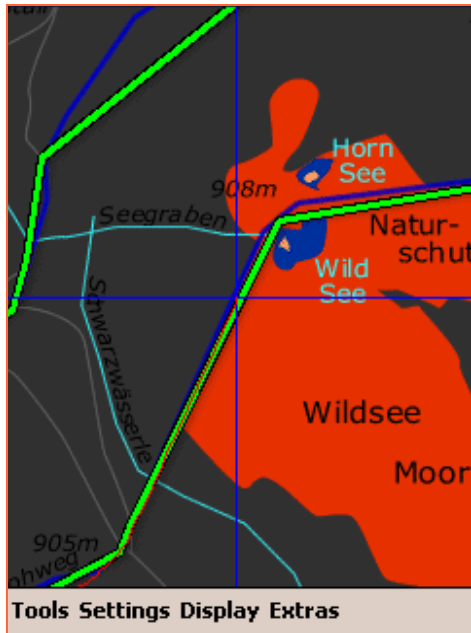
Clears the internal POI storage after a confirmation dialog is shown.



This functions doesn't touch the files from where the POI may have been loaded.

4.4.2 "LOI"

A "Line Of Interest" is an imported track that is shown in loxtrax' display as a thick green line. This is usually a pre- recorded track, displayed as thick green line.



This example shows a LOI (green), a user drawn background map, a red line marking the track and a crosshair marking the current location. Note that the LOI thickness is not scaled when zooming out or in for better recognition.

LOIs can be downloaded from www.magnalox.net when logged on as a registered magnalox user.

Internally loxtrax is prepared for vector based maps allowing many LOIs also as boundaries and other display items. Since there are not many (standardized) free resources for vector maps available, this feature wasn't further developed and disabled.

4.4.2.1 The LOI .gpx files

LOIs are loaded from .gpx files which must contain the following records:

```
<trkpt lat="48.707775" lon="8.431064">  
  <ele>121</ele>  
  <time>2006-04-11T00:28:39Z</time>  
</trkpt>
```

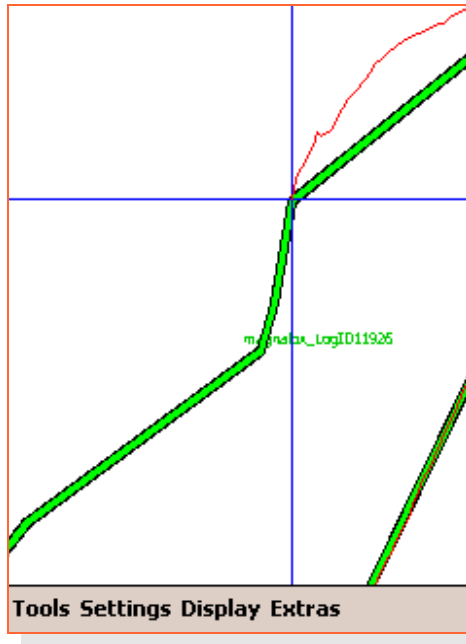
Other records are ignored.

4.4.2.2 "Display": "On", "Off"

Determines whether a Line Of Interest ("LOI") is rendered or not. A LOI is usually a track. The tracks downloadable from magnalox are displayed as LOIs.

4.4.2.3 "Name": "On", "Off"

Determines whether the LOIs name is rendered as text in the center of the LOI or not.



Enabling this display element may slow down render speed.

4.4.2.4 "Read From File"

Reads a user selectable LOI from a .gpx file, as down loadable on magnalox or from other applications.

4.4.3 Tracking

This menu entry is grayed-out, if your version of loxtrax is not live-tracking enabled. Otherwise, it offers the sub-menus described below. These functions are only required for live tracking and not necessary for normal navigation.

"Live tracking" (or "online tracking") means, that the latest positions are transported to the magnalox server within a few seconds after they were created ("near-realtime").

Live tracking requires mobile internet access, which can be achieved over an integrated or external mobile phone, WLAN, LAN, modem, Bluetooth or whatsoever.

4.4.3.1 Open Magnatrx

This function starts magnatrx or brings magnatrx into the foreground, if it is already running.

Magnatrx is a separate PDA application which transports the recorded positions to the magnalox server. Magnatrx can be started independently from loxtrax. Loxtrax buffers the positions in a directory "`\My Documents\magnatrx`" on the PDA. Magnatrx is usually installed together with loxtrax and can be independently started or terminated.

When magnatrx is started, enabled and has a working connection to the magnalox server, it starts transmitting the positions found, beginning with the latest. After a position has been successfully transmitted, it is moved into the "Done" subdirectory.

By inspecting these two directories with the file explorer, you can easily find out the system's state even without even starting magnatrx or loxtrax.

After creating a position to be transported to the server, loxtrax triggers magnatrx to start the transmission. Usually it takes less than 5 second until the position is stored in magnalox' database after it has been created.

This structure was chosen to ensure that loxtrax is not affect by transmission and to achieve maximum flexibility.

4.4.3.2 Create Position

Usually loxtrax is generating positions for transmission in certain time- or track- intervals as set under [4.2.9 magnatrx](#). By using this function, a position can be created at any location, no matter where or when the last "regular" position was created.

4.4.3.3 Enable

This feature needs to be enabled to make loxtrax creating positions.

You can enable this feature even without having magnatrax running. This makes sense if you want to create positions, that can be uploaded to the magnalox server at a later time, for example when back in a cheap WLAN as often offered in hotels or marinas.

Then simply start magnatrax alone to make it uploading the meanwhile buffered positions, beginning with the latest.

If the positions are not sent to the server, check the following positions:

1. live tracking is enabled in loxtrax
2. loxtrax is creating positions, check the "`\\My Documents\\magnatrax`" folder on the PDA
3. magnatrax is running and enabled for position upload
4. the PDA is having an Internet connection
5. the log ID and the password configured in magnatrax are matching those on magnalox.net

4.4.4 Use GPS Time

This function sets the PDA's clock to the time received from the GPS satellites.

It is only available when not using NMEA files as a data source and a valid 3D position was found.

5 Other features

This chapter explains several general functions and features of loxtrax.

5.1 Pan/Scroll by touchscreen

Use a stylus or a finger to move the displayed area around.

The movement is doubled in range so that it can be operated with the thumb while holding the PDA in the hand.

It returns to the normal, position centered display after 3 seconds, unless the "Center Last Position" is turned off.

5.2 Auto Focus

Loxtrax automatically reclaims focus (=becomes the topmost application) when covered by another application after a while.

Intended to simplify usage when no finger or stylus is available and another application window popped up unintentionally.

Make sure you turned off the calendar notifications before flying with loxtrax. Otherwise it may happen that you get suddenly reminded of a date with the dentist while gliding peacefully up in the air, and those are "sticky" ;)

To temporarily use other programs, use a workaround:

Press the enter key to start the definition of a new POI. A POI definition dialog pops up then.

As long as this dialog is visible, loxtrax doesn't reclaim focus. Use the system menu to start another program. When finished, click "Cancel" to close the dialog without creating a new POI.

5.3 Alarm Indicators

Alarm indicators are symbolized by huge red text rendered on the display, optional with a beep.

You can configure the beep using the "Sound" sub- menu under the "Setings" manu.

Make sure that the PDA's system setting are also configured for audio output if there is no sound heard.

5.3.1 "SAT?"

This means, that not enough data is available to create a valid 3D position. This can be a temporary situation when in tunnels or buildings.



Move your receiver to a better position or go to a location better exposed to the sky.

This message comes also at the end of a replayed NMEA- file.

5.3.2 "GPS?"

This means that the PDA lost connection to the GPS device and is not receiving any data. Loxtrax tries to reopen the specified interface then in constant intervals.



On a Loox 720 or an Asus MyPal A636 loxtrax recovers an interrupted Bluetooth connection without any user interaction.

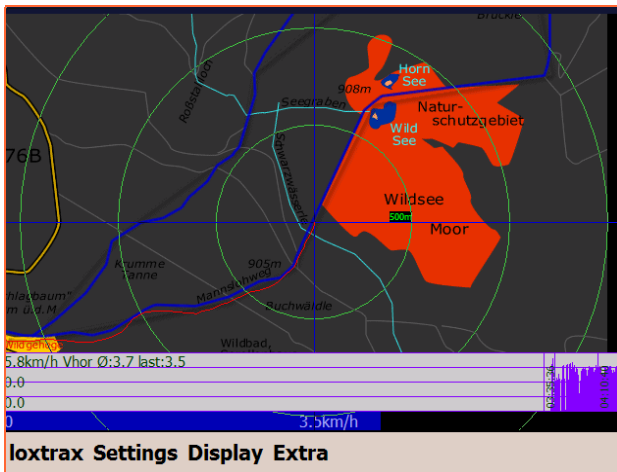
This is very convenient, for example when the GPS device is left in the car but the PDA was taken out. When returning, the connection is usually up

and working before the engine is started, even when the PDA remains in a pocket.

This message appears also at the end of a replayed NMEA- file.

Loxtrax uses the PDA's hardware-acceleration if available, what explains the high frame rates even when rendering scaled, high-resolution bitmaps. Loxtrax can switch from portrait- to landscape- mode even while running.

This is a screen shot of a VGA display in landscape mode:



The resolution in reality is 192 dots per inch, what comes close to printed paper.

5.5 Loxtrax keeps the PDA turned on

While loxtrax is running, it prevents the PDA from turning itself off.

Be careful to exit loxtrax when it is not needed anymore. Otherwise it may run until the battery is empty!

5.6 Integrity Selftest

Loxtrax checks it's integrity regularly and when certain events occur.

If it finds a problem, it erases all data found and terminates. Make sure you use only unmodified versions downloaded from www.magnalox.net.

Regularly check www.magnalox.net for updates.

5.7 Interrupting loxtrax

Loxtrax can be interrupted by pressing the PDA's voice-recorder button. This works currently on a Pocket Loox 720, but may be not available on all PDAs.

Press this button a second time to continue loxtrax' operations as usual.

To start another program while loxtrax is running, just open the "About" dialog in the "Loxtrax" menu. Then you will be able to open the Windows' start menu in the upper left and start other programs or adjust settings.

When finished, just click the OK button in the start menu to continue.

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